



R R CAMPUS



[Ground Floor, Nath kuti, Musallahpur Haat, Patna - 06 | :♦ 9135000083/93:: 8002169064 |
 [For :- CSAT, SSC, IBPS (PO & Clerk), RLYS, & Others Competitive Exam]

1. A four digit number is made by repeating two times of a two digit number such that (1331 or 5656). All these numbers are always divisible by.

Sol: Such numbers can be written as $101 \times$ two-digit number.
 For example, $3131 = 31 \times 101$.
 Since 101 is a prime number, any such number will always be divisible by $\boxed{101}$.

2. Find the number of zeroes in last of product of $1! \times 2! \times 3! \times \dots \times 25!$.

Sol: No of 5 $\Rightarrow 5 + 10 + 15 + 20 + 50$
 $= \boxed{100}$

3. $(61^n - 6^n)$ में इकाई के स्थान पर कौन सी संख्या होगी?

The unit digit of 61^n is always = 1.
 The unit digit of 6^n is always = 6
 $= 1 - 6 = \boxed{5}$

4. $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 25^2$.
 Sum of the first n squares = $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

$$\frac{25(25+1)(2 \times 25+1)}{6} = \frac{25 \times 26 \times 51}{6}$$

$$= 25 \times 13 \times 17 = \boxed{5525}$$

5) 0.06543 में 6 का स्थानीय मान क्या है?
 The digit 6 is in the hundredths place.

So, its place value is $\boxed{\frac{6}{100}}$.

6) 64009 के वर्गमूल में इकाई के स्थान का अंक होगा -

The square roots of numbers ending in 9 will have a unit digit of $\boxed{3}$.

7) $3.\overline{45} = ?$

$$3 + \left(\frac{45}{99}\right) = 3 + \frac{5}{11} = \frac{33+5}{11} = \frac{38}{11}$$

8) $0.3 \times 0.04 \times 0.005 \times 0.0006 = ?$

$$\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{100} \times \frac{5}{1000} \times \frac{6}{10000} = \frac{360}{10000000000}$$

$$= \boxed{0.000000036}$$

9) $\frac{(100-1)(100-2)(100-3)\dots}{(100-200) \dots}$

$$100 \times 99 \times 98 \times \dots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$= (100-1)(100-2)(100-3) \dots (100-200)$$

$$= (100-1)(100-2)(100-3) \dots (100-100) \dots (100-200)$$

$$= (100-1)(100-2)(100-3) \times 0 \times \dots (100-200)$$

$$= 0$$

ans $\boxed{(-) 0}$

$$10) (10^{3.9} \times 10^{2.1})^2 = 100?$$

$$(10^{3.9+2.1})^2 = 100?$$

$$(10^6)^2 = 100 \quad \text{Ans} = \boxed{6}$$

$$100^6 = 100^6$$

$$11) 15475 - 548 - 4141 - 3754 = ?$$

$$15475 - 8443 = \boxed{7032}$$

$$12) \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{1600} + \sqrt{576}} = (?)^2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{40 + 24} = \sqrt[3]{64} = 4 = (2)^2$$

$$\text{Ans} = 2$$

$$13) 30\% \text{ of } 160 + ?\% \text{ of } 180 = 120$$

$$\frac{30 \times 160}{100} + \frac{x \times 180}{100} = 120$$

$$\frac{x \times 180}{100} = 72$$

$$x = \frac{7200}{180} = \boxed{40}$$

$$14) \sqrt{40.96} = ?$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{4096}{100}} = \sqrt{\frac{4096}{100}} = \frac{64}{10}$$

$$= \boxed{6.4}$$

$$15) 5\frac{1}{4} + 9\frac{1}{3} + 1\frac{1}{3} + 4\frac{1}{2} = ?$$

$$(5 + \frac{1}{4}) + (9 + \frac{1}{3}) + (1 + \frac{1}{3}) + (4 + \frac{1}{2})$$

$$= (5 + 0.25) + (9 + 0.33) + (1 + 0.33) + (4 + 0.50)$$

$$= 5.25 + 9.33 + 1.33 + 4.50$$

$$= \frac{20.41}{1} = \frac{20.41}{1} = \frac{20 \frac{5}{12}}{1}$$

$$16) \frac{1}{a} = \frac{18}{41} \text{ then}$$

$$a + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{eqn 1}$$

$$c + \frac{1}{3} = ?$$

$$a + b + c = ?$$

$$= \frac{18}{41} = \frac{1}{\frac{41}{18}} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{5}{18}}$$

$$\frac{18}{5} = 3 + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{3} = 1 + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = 3$$

$$c = 1$$

$$= a + b + c = 2 + 3 + 1 = \boxed{6}$$

$$17) (1 + \frac{1}{2^2})(1 - \frac{1}{3^2})(1 - \frac{1}{4^2}) \dots (1 - \frac{1}{16^2}) = ?$$

Each term can be factored as a difference of squares:-

$$(1 - \frac{1}{n^2}) = \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2} = \frac{(n-1)(n+1)}{n^2}$$

$$(\frac{1 \times 3}{2^2})(\frac{2 \times 4}{3^2})(\frac{3 \times 5}{4^2}) \dots (\frac{15 \times 17}{16^2})$$



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$$\left(\frac{1 \times 2}{2 \times 2}\right) \times \left(\frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3}\right) \times \left(\frac{3 \times 4}{4 \times 4}\right) \times \left(\frac{4 \times 5}{5 \times 5}\right) \times \left(\frac{5 \times 6}{6 \times 6}\right) \times \left(\frac{6 \times 7}{7 \times 7}\right) \times \left(\frac{7 \times 8}{8 \times 8}\right) \times \left(\frac{8 \times 9}{9 \times 9}\right) \times \left(\frac{9 \times 10}{10 \times 10}\right) \times \left(\frac{10 \times 11}{11 \times 11}\right) \times \left(\frac{11 \times 12}{12 \times 12}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{12}{16} = \boxed{\frac{12}{32}}$$

18) $(354)^{541}$ के गुणनफल में इकाई स्थान का अंक क्या होगा?

$$4^1 = 4$$

$$4^2 = 16 \Rightarrow 6$$

$$4^3 = 64 \Rightarrow 4$$

$$4^4 = 256 \Rightarrow 6$$

The pattern of the unit digits of powers of 4 is 4, 6, 4, 6, ...

the exponent is odd, the unit digit is 4 or even, the unit digit is 6.

Then, the exponent 541, which is an odd number, the unit digit of $(354)^{541}$ is $\boxed{4}$.

19) 2, 4, 6, 8, ... 400 संख्याओं का आपस में गुणा कर दिया जाता है, तो गुणनफल के अंत में कितनी शून्य होंगी?

= The series of number is 2, 4, 6, 8, ..., 400.

This can be written as .

$$2 \times 1, 2 \times 2, 2 \times 3, \dots, 2 \times 200.$$

$$= 2^{200} (1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \dots \times 200), \text{ which is } 2^{200} \times 200!$$

Number of factors of 5 in 200!

$$\text{factors of } 5 = \frac{200}{5} = 40$$

$$\text{for } 25 = \frac{40}{5} = 8$$

$$\frac{8}{5} = 1$$

$$\text{Total factors of } 5 = 40 + 8 + 1 = \boxed{49}$$

20) निम्न संख्याओं में से कौन-सी संख्या 99 से पूरी तरह से विभाज्य है?

(A) 12178 (B) 15444 (C) 51444

(D) 12187

→ Check if each number is divisible by both 9 & 11, as $99 = 9 \times 11$.

(A) 12178

Sum of digits = $1 + 2 + 1 + 7 + 8 = 19$ is not divisible by 9.

(B) 15444

Sum of digits = $1 + 5 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 18$

18 is divisible by 9.

Alternating sum of digits:

$4 - 4 + 4 - 5 + 1 = 0$ is divisible by 11.

Since 15444 is divisible by both 9 & 11, it is divisible by 99.

(C) 51444

Sum of digits = $5 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 18$

is divisible by 9.

Alternating sum of digits:

$4 - 4 + 4 - 1 + 5 = 8$ is not divisible by 11.

D) 12187

Sum of digits = $1 + 2 + 1 + 8 + 7 = 19$

is not divisible by 9.

Therefore, the number exactly divisible by 99 is $\boxed{15444}$.

21) तीन अंकों की कुल संख्याएँ कितनी हैं, जो 5 से भाज्य हैं?

तीन अंकों की कुल संख्या 100 से 999 तक है।

5 से पहली विभाज्य तीन अंकों की संख्या 100 है, और अंतिम 995 है।

$a = 100$, $d = 5$, और last number = 995

formula = $a + (n-1)d$

$$995 = 100 + (n-1)5$$

$$= \frac{895}{5} = n-1$$

$$179 = n-1 = n = \boxed{180}$$

22) यदि n एक प्राकृतिक संख्या है तो \sqrt{n} होगा

⇒ कभी प्राकृतिक व कभी अपरिमेय संख्या Ans

$$\text{Ex: } \sqrt{n} = \sqrt{2}$$

∴ $\sqrt{2}$ एक अपरिमेय संख्या है

$$\text{Second: } - \sqrt{n} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$\sqrt{4} = 2$ एक प्राकृतिक संख्या है।

23) एक पर्यटक प्रतिदिन उतने ही रूपसे खर्च करता है जितने की उसके यात्रा के दिनों की संख्या है। यदि उसकी कुल खर्च ₹ 576 हो तो उसने कितने दिनों तक यात्रा किया?

मान लीया गया जाये की पर्यटक की यात्रा x दिनों तक चली पर्यटक प्रतिदिन x रूपसे खर्च करता है।

$$\text{कुल खर्च} = x \times x$$

$$576 = x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{576}$$

$$x = \boxed{24 \text{ day}}$$



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24) $\frac{\sqrt{(16)^4 + (30)^4 + (60)^4}}{\sqrt{(30)^4 + (15)^4 + (8)^4}} = ?$

$$= \frac{(16)^2 + (30)^2 + (60)^2}{(30)^2 + (15)^2 + (8)^2}$$

$$= \frac{256 + 900 + 3600}{900 + 225 + 64} = \frac{4756}{1189} = 4$$

= 4

25) कुकड़ का अंक ज्ञान करें :-

$$1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \dots \times 49$$

$$1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times \dots \times 49$$

$$1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times \dots \times 49$$

U.P.D = 0