



# R R CAMPUS



[Ground Floor, Nath kuti, Musallahpur Haat, Patna - 06 | : 9135000083/93:: 8002169064 |  
[ For :- CSAT, SSC, IBPS (PO & Clerk), RLYS, & Others Competitive Exam ]

①  $(59)^2 = 3481$  Ans (a)

②  $(305)^2 = 93025$  Ans (a)

③  $(66)^2 = 4356$  Ans (a)

④  $(3\frac{2}{3} + 9\frac{1}{9}) \times 45$   
 $= (\frac{11}{3} + \frac{82}{9}) \times 45$   
 $= (\frac{33+82}{9}) \times 45$   
 $= \frac{115}{9} \times 45$   
 $= 575$  Ans (d) Non-of these

⑤  $(\overset{1260}{\cancel{10080}} \times \frac{7}{8}) - (\overset{2420}{\cancel{9680}} \times \frac{3}{4})$   
 $= 8820 - 7260$   
 $= 1560$  Ans (d)

⑥  $\therefore 1 \text{ dozen} = 12 \text{ particles}$   
 $\therefore (7 \times 12) \times 24$   
 $= 84 \times 24$   
 $= 2016$  Ans (c)

⑦ माना संख्या =  $n$   
 $\Rightarrow n - (\cancel{600} \times 25\% \times \frac{2}{3}) = 320$   
 $\Rightarrow n = 100 = 320 \Rightarrow n = 420$  Ans (c)

⑧  $\{(45)^3 + (65)^2\} \div 50 = ?$   
 $= \{1125 + 4225\} \div 50$   
 $= \frac{190750}{50}$   
 $= 1907$  Ans (b)

⑨  $\frac{x}{121} \times \frac{x}{289} = 1$   
 $\Rightarrow x^2 = 121 \times 289$   
 $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{121 \times 289}$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 11 \times 17$   
 $\therefore x = 187$  Ans (d)

⑩  $\frac{6050}{\sqrt{p}} = 550$   
 $\Rightarrow \sqrt{p} = \frac{6050}{550} = 11$   
 $\therefore p = (11)^2 = 121$  Ans (b)

⑪  $\frac{(100-1)(100-2)(100-3)\dots(100-200)}{100 \times 99 \times 98 \dots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} + 1$   
 $= \frac{99 \times 98 \times 97 \times \dots \times (100-100) \dots (100-200)}{100 \times 99 \times 98 \dots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} + 1$   
 $= \frac{0}{100 \times 99 \times \dots \times 2 \times 1} + 1 = 1$  Ans (b)

$$\textcircled{12} \left(2 - \frac{10}{7}\right) \left(3 - \frac{23}{10}\right) \left(1 - \frac{3}{13}\right) \left(1 - \frac{3}{16}\right) \left(2 - \frac{4}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{10}{13} \times \frac{13}{16} \times \frac{0}{2}$$

$$= 0 \text{ Ans } \textcircled{d}$$

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13)  $168 \times 32 = 5376$

$\Rightarrow \frac{5376}{168} = 32$  Ans (b)

14)  $185 \times 28 = 5180$

$\Rightarrow \frac{5180}{185} = 28$  Ans (a)

15)  $40 + 4 + 0.4 + 0.04 + 0.004 + \dots + \infty$

$= 44.444\dots$

$= 44.\bar{4}$  Ans (c)

16) 625686734489

$\therefore \text{Digit} = 12$

$\therefore \text{Square \& digit} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$  Ans (c)

17) 120  $\leq$  400

121, 144, \dots, 361

$11^2, 12^2, \dots, 19^2$

then total no's =  $(19 - 11) + 1 = 9$  Ans (b)

Q18  
 Soln

$392 \rightarrow 4 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7$

$\therefore 2$  Ans (d)

19) 2203

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 2203} \\ \underline{16} \phantom{00} \\ 603 \\ \underline{56} \phantom{0} \\ 409 \\ \underline{400} \\ 9 \end{array}$$

$\therefore 6$  जोड़ने पर पूर्ण वर्ग बनता है Ans (c)

20)

$\therefore$  perfect square का upar (add(0), 2, 3, 7, 8 नहीं है) सबदी है

$\therefore 1000 - 39 = 961$

$\therefore$  Ans - (c)

21)

$1000 + 24 = 1024$

$\therefore$  Ans - (c) Ans

22)

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 59535} \\ \underline{5} \phantom{0000} \\ 9 \phantom{000} \\ \underline{9} \phantom{000} \\ 0 \phantom{000} \\ 3 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{3} \phantom{00} \\ 0 \phantom{00} \\ 5 \phantom{0} \\ \underline{5} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$\therefore 5 \times 3 = 15$  है गुणा करने पर perfect square होता है

$\therefore$  Sum of digit =  $1 + 5 = 6$  Ans (d)

$$\textcircled{23} \frac{7.5 \times 0.085}{0.017 \times 0.019} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= 300 \text{ Ans } \textcircled{c}$$

$$\textcircled{24} \sqrt{43 + \sqrt{31 + \sqrt{17 + \sqrt{55 + 9}}}}$$

$$= 7 \text{ Ans } \textcircled{a}$$

सर्वोपर से solve करे

$$\textcircled{25} \sqrt{625} \times \sqrt[3]{729} \div 15 = ?$$

$$= 25 \times 9 \div 15$$

$$= \frac{5}{25} \times \frac{9^3}{15}$$

$$= 15 \text{ Ans } \textcircled{a}$$